## IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a capacitor bottom electrode of a semiconductor device, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) preparing a semiconductor substrate obtained by a predetermined process;
- b) forming a sacrificial layer of low k dielectric material on the semiconductor substrate;
  - c) forming a photoresist pattern on the sacrificial layer;
- d) etching the sacrificial layer by using the photoresist pattern as an etching mask, thereby forming an opening;
- e) depositing a conductive layer on sides and a bottom face of the opening and a top face of the sacrificial layer;
- f) forming a photoresist on the conductive layer, wherein a concave region of the conductive layer is completely filled with the photoresist;
- g) planarizing the conductive layer till a the top face of the sacrificial layer is exposed; and
- h) forming a bottom electrode by removing the sacrificial layer enclosing the bottom electrode by using  $O_2$  plasma with

plasma gas selected from the group consisting of  $N_2$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $CF_4$  and  $NF_3$  and by removing a residual photoresist.

- 2. (Canceled).
- 3. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the conductive layer uses a material selected from the group consisting of tungsten, tungsten silicide, titanium nitride, polysilicon and the combination thereof by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) method.
- 4. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $Cl_2$  and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 5. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $BCl_3$  and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 6. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $SF_6/N_2$  gas and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .

- 7. (Original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the bottom electrode has a shape of cylindrical type.
- 8. (New) A method for manufacturing a capacitor bottom electrode of a semiconductor device, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a) preparing a semiconductor substrate;
- b) forming a sacrificial layer of low k dielectric material on the semiconductor substrate;
  - c) forming a photoresist pattern on the sacrificial layer;
- d) etching the sacrificial layer by using the photoresist pattern as an etching mask, thereby forming an opening;
- e) depositing a conductive layer on sides and a bottom face of the opening and a top face of the sacrificial layer;
- f) forming a photoresist on the conductive layer, wherein a concave region of the conductive layer is completely filled with the photoresist;
- g) planarizing the conductive layer till the top face of the sacrificial layer is exposed; and
- h) forming a bottom electrode by removing the sacrificial layer enclosing the bottom electrode by using  $O_2$  plasma and by removing a residual photoresist,

wherein the conductive layer uses a material selected from the group consisting of tungsten, tungsten silicide, titanium nitride, polysilicon and the combination thereof by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) method.

- 9. (New) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the step h) is carried out by using  $O_2$  plasma with plasma gas selected from the group consisting of  $N_2$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $CF_4$  and  $NF_3$ .
- 10. (New) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $Cl_2$  and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 11. (New) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $BCl_3$  and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 12. (New) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $SF_6/N_2$  gas and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 13. (New) The method as recited in claim 8, wherein the bottom electrode has a shape of cylindrical type.

- 14. (New) A method for manufacturing a capacitor bottom electrode of a semiconductor device, the method comprising the steps of:
  - a) preparing a semiconductor substrate;
- b) forming a sacrificial layer of low k dielectric material on the semiconductor substrate;
  - c) forming a photoresist pattern on the sacrificial layer;
- d) etching the sacrificial layer by using the photoresist pattern as an etching mask, thereby forming an opening;
- e) depositing a conductive layer on sides and a bottom face of the opening and a top face of the sacrificial layer;
- f) forming a photoresist on the conductive layer, wherein a concave region of the conductive layer is completely filled with the photoresist;
- g) planarizing the conductive layer till the top face of the sacrificial layer is exposed; and
- h) forming a bottom electrode by removing the sacrificial layer enclosing the bottom electrode by using  $O_2$  plasma and by removing a residual photoresist,

wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $\text{Cl}_2$  and supplementary gas of  $\text{O}_2$ .

- 15. (New) The method as recited in claim 14, wherein the step h) is carried out by using  $O_2$  plasma with plasma gas selected from the group consisting of  $N_2$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $CF_4$  and  $NF_3$ .
- 16. (New) The method as recited in claim 14, wherein the conductive layer uses a material selected from the group consisting of tungsten, tungsten silicide, titanium nitride, polysilicon and the combination thereof by using an atomic layer deposition (ALD) method
- 17. (New) The method as recited in claim 14, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $BCl_3$  and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 18. (New) The method as recited in claim 14, wherein the step g) is carried out by using excited plasma having basic gas of  $SF_6/N_2$  gas and supplementary gas of  $O_2$ .
- 19. (New) The method as recited in claim 14, wherein the bottom electrode has a shape of cylindrical type.